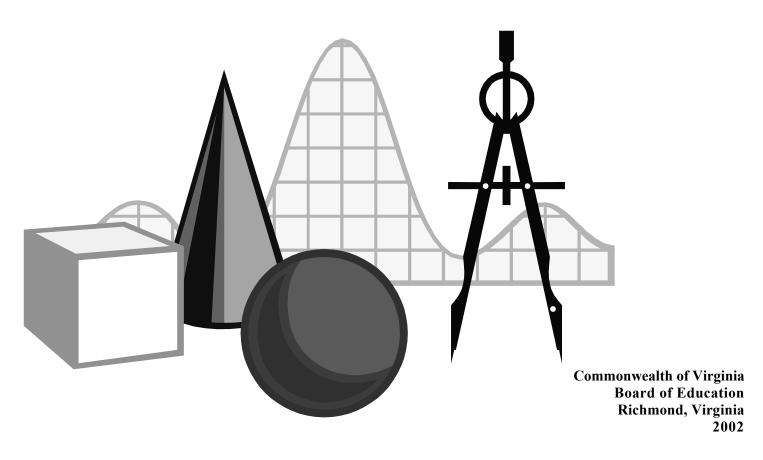
MATHEMATICS STANDARDS OF LEARNING SAMPLE SCOPE AND SEQUENCE

Grade 7



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The Mathematics Standards of Learning Sample Scope and Sequence and the Mathematics Standards of Learning Curriculum Framework can be found in a PDF and Word file format on the Virginia Department of Education's Web site at http://www.pen.k12.va.us

Preface

As an additional resource to help school divisions develop curricula aligned to the 2001 Mathematics Standards of Learning, the Virginia Department of Education has developed sample scope and sequence documents in kindergarten through grade eight and in core high school courses. These sample documents provide guidance on how the essential knowledge and skills that are identified in the Standards of Learning and the Standards of Learning Curriculum Framework may be introduced to students in a logical, sequential, and meaningful manner.

These sample scope and sequence documents are intended to serve as general guides to help teachers and curriculum developers align their curricula and instruction to support the Standards of Learning. Each sample document is organized around specific topics to help teachers present information in an organized, articulated manner. Also included are correlations to the Standards of Learning for that curricular area for a particular grade level or course, as well as ideas for classroom assessments and teaching resources.

The sample scope and sequence documents are not intended to prescribe how curriculum should be developed or how instruction should be delivered. Instead, they provide examples showing how teachers and school divisions might present to students in a logical and effective manner information that has been aligned with the Standards of Learning. School divisions that need assistance in developing curricula aligned with the Standards of Learning are encouraged to consider the sample scope and sequence guides. Teachers who use the documents should correlate the content identified in the guides with available instructional resources and develop lesson plans to support instruction.

Copies of the sample scope and sequence guides are available at http://www.pen.k12.va.us in both PDF and Microsoft Word formats. These materials are copyrighted, and all rights are reserved. Reproduction of these materials for instructional purposes in Virginia classrooms is permitted.

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Introduction

This middle school sample scope and sequence is based on the essential knowledge and skills listed under each Mathematics Standard of Learning in the Curriculum Framework. It is not intended to be a complete list of all the lessons that need to be taught and mastered during the middle school years, but instead organizes the key skills and processes around organizational topics reflective of the focus of the Standards of Learning. An important aspect of these organizational topics is the use of representations and relationships. Students can develop and deepen their understanding of mathematical concepts and relationships as they create, compare, and use various representations to organize and record their thinking about mathematical ideas.

Students in the middle grades use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to integrate understanding across the content in the Mathematics Standards of Learning. In the middle grades students build on the concrete reasoning experiences developed in elementary school while developing the deeper mathematical understandings required for success in abstract learning experiences. Students who have successfully completed the middle grades mathematics program should be prepared for high school mathematics course work

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Grade 7 Mathematics Standards of Learning Sample Scope and Sequence

Organizing Topic	SOL Grade 6	SOL Grade 7	SOL Grade 8
Rational Numbers: Representations & Relationships	s & 6.2 7.14		8.5
Rational Numbers: Operations/Estimation	6.6 6.7 6.8	7.2 7.4 7.5 7.6	8.1 8.3 8.7 8.10
Rational Numbers: Order of Operations		7.2	8.1 8.4
Number Sense/ Number Theory	6.3 6.22	7.1 7.2 7.3 7.5	8.1 8.2 8.5
Proportional Reasoning	6.2	7.6 7.11	8.3 8.17
Measurement: Actual/Estimate	6.9 6.10 6.11 6.12 6.13 6.14	7.7 7.8	8.6 8.7 8.10
Geometry: Basic Ideas	6.11 7.9 6.13 7.10 6.14 6.15 6.16		8.6 8.10

Grade 7 Mathematics Standards of Learning Sample Scope and Sequence

Organizing Topic	SOL Grade 6	SOL Grade 7	SOL Grade 8
Geometry: Plane	6.14 6.15	7.7 7.8 7.9 7.10	8.8 8.10
Geometry: Solid	6.17	7.8	8.7 8.9
Geometry: Spatial Relationships	6.17	7.10 7.12 7.13	8.8 8.9 8.16
Data Analysis: Representations & Relationships	6.2 6.8 6.18 6.19	7.16 7.17 7.18	8.12 8.13
Probability	6.2 6.20	7.14 7.15 7.18	8.11
Patterns and Functions: Representations & Relationships	6.21 6.22	7.18 7.19	8.14 8.16 8.17
Algebra: Representations & Relationships	6.23	7.2 7.3 7.20 7.21 7.22	8.4 8.14 8.15 8.16 8.17 8.18

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Rational Numbers: Relationships	 The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Represent a number in fraction, decimal, and percent forms. Fractions will have denominators of 12 or less. Compare, order, and determine equivalent 	7.1	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios 	 Manipulatives: Fraction strips, fraction circles, Fraction Islands, egg cartons, Fraction Towers, base ten blocks, number lines,
	relationships among fractions, decimals, and percents. Decimals are limited to the thousandth place, and percents are limited to the tenth place. Order no more than five numbers written as fractions, decimals, and percents in ascending (least to greatest) or descending (greatest to least) order		 Portions Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations	squares, cubes, Algeblocks Calculators Scientific Calculators Computer software Mathematics
Rational Numbers: Operations/ Estimation Include Whole Numbers, Fractions, and Decimals.	 The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Simplify expressions by using the order of operations in a demonstrated step-by-step approach. Find the value of numerical expressions, using order of operations, mental mathematics, and appropriate tools. Exponents are limited to positive values. Fractions are limited to having denominators of 12 or less. Decimals are limited 	7.2		• Mathematics Curriculum Framework

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Rational Numbers: Operations/ Estimation (cont'd.)	 Determine solutions to everyday problems involving whole numbers, decimals, fractions, and percents. Fractions are limited to having denominators no greater than 12. Compute the tip and total bill for a meal. Compute a discount and the resulting (sale) price for one discount. Compute the sales tax for purchased items. Compute the simple interest earned on an investment or a loan for a specified number of years and/or months. 	7.4	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	 Manipulatives: menus, newspaper ads, graph paper, Fraction Islands Calculators Spreadsheets Computer software Mathematics Curriculum Framework
Number Sense/Number Theory	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to			
	 Identify the real number equation that represents each property of operations with real numbers, when given several real number equations. 	7.3		
	 Explore the properties of real numbers, using diagrams and manipulatives. 			
	 Test the validity of properties by using examples of the properties of operations on real numbers. 			
	 Identify the property of operations with real numbers that is illustrated by a real number equation. 			

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Rational Numbers: Operations/ Estimation	 The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Write proportions that represent equivalent relationships between two sets. Solve a proportion to find a missing term. Apply proportions to solve problems that involve percents. 	7.6	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning 	 Manipulatives: spinners, dice, games Calculators Spreadsheets Computer software Mathematics Curriculum
Rational Numbers: Relationships	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Determine the theoretical probability of an event.	7.14	Strategies • Peer evaluations	Framework

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Number Sense/Number Theory	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Formulate rules for adding integers. Formulate rules for subtracting integers. Formulate rules for multiplying integers. Formulate rules for dividing integers.	7.5	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning 	 Manipulatives: two color counters, Algeblocks, graph paper Calculators Computer software Mathematics
Rational Numbers Operations/ Estimation	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to		Strategies • Peer evaluations	Curriculum Framework
	 Solve practical problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division with integers. 	7.5		

The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to	Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Framework	Order of Operations	 communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Simplify expressions by using the order of operations in a demonstrated step-by-step approach. Find the value of numerical expressions, using order of operations, mental mathematics, and appropriate tools. Exponents are limited to positive values. Fractions are limited to having denominators of 12 or less. Decimals are limited 	7.2	Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies	geoboards, squares, cubes, Algeblocks Graph paper Calculators Scientific Calculators Spreadsheets Computer Software Mathematics Curriculum

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources	
Geometry: Spatial Relations	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to		StudentDemonstrationsIndividual QuizzesGroup Quizzes	Manipulatives: geoboards, Fraction IslandsGraph paper	
	 Identify by the number of sides or number of angles the following polygons: pentagon, hexagon, heptagon, octagon, nonagon, and decagon. Draw a pentagon, hexagon, heptagon, octagon, nonagon, and decagon, using a variety of tools. 	7.10	 Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning 	 Computer software Mathematics Curriculum Framework 	
	 Identify and label the axes of a coordinate plane. Identify and label the quadrants of a coordinate plane. Identify the quadrant in which an ordered pair is 	7.12	Strategies • Peer evaluations	• DOE Geometry for Middle School Teachers Staff Development Guide	
	positioned by examining the ordered pair.Graph ordered pairs in the four quadrants of a coordinate plane.				
	 Identify ordered pairs represented by points in the four quadrants of the coordinate plane. Identify the coordinates of the image of a polygon that has been translated either vertically or horizontally. 	7.13			
	 Identify the coordinates of the image of a right triangle or rectangle that has been rotated 90° or 180° about the origin. 				
	 Sketch the image of a polygon translated vertically or horizontally. 				
	• Sketch the image of a right triangle or rectangle that has been rotated 90° or 180° about the origin.				

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Number Sense/Number Theory	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to	7.1	Student DemonstrationsIndividual QuizzesGroup Quizzes	 Manipulatives: fraction strips, fraction circles, base ten blocks
	 Write a number greater than 10 in scientific notation. Compare, order, and determine equivalent relationships between numbers larger than 10 written in scientific notation. Compare very large numbers, using scientific notation. Order no more than five numbers written as fractions, decimals, percents, and numbers larger than 10 written in scientific notation in ascending (least to greatest) or descending (greatest to least) order. 	7.1	 Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	 Grid paper Calculators Scientific Calculators Spreadsheets Computer Software Mathematics Curriculum Framework

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Proportional Reasoning	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to		Student DemonstrationsIndividual Quizzes	Manipulatives: geoboards, Fraction Islands,
	 Write proportions that represent equivalent relationships between two sets. Solve a proportion to find a missing term. Apply proportions to solve problems that involve percents. 	7.6	 Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies 	 attribute blocks, graph paper Calculators Computer software Mathematics Curriculum
	Apply proportions to solve practical problems, including scale drawings. Scale factors shall have denominators no greater than 12 and/or decimals no less than tenths.		Peer evaluations	Framework
	 Write proportions to express the relationships between the lengths of corresponding sides of similar figures. Examine congruence of corresponding angles and proportionality of corresponding sides to determine if quadrilaterals or triangles are similar. 	7.11		

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Geometry: Basic Ideas	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Identify by the number of sides or number of angles the following polygons: pentagon, hexagon, heptagon, octagon, nonagon, and decagon. Draw a pentagon, hexagon, heptagon, octagon, nonagon, and decagon, using a variety of tools.	7.10	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning 	 Manipulatives: attribute blocks, geostrips, geoboards, polygons, triangles, quadrilaterals. Mathematics Curriculum
Measurement Actual/Estimate	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Subdivide a polygon into rectangles and right triangles, estimate the area of the rectangles and/or right triangles to estimate the area of the polygon, and find the area of the rectangles and/or right triangles to determine the area of the polygon. Apply perimeter formulas to solve real-life problems. Apply area formulas to solve real-life problems.	7.7	Strategies • Peer evaluations	Framework Grid Paper Calculators Computer software Spreadsheets DOE Geometry for Middle School Teachers Staff Development Guide

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Geometry: Basic Ideas	 The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Identify the classification(s) to which a quadrilateral belongs. Compare and contrast attributes of the following quadrilaterals: parallelogram, rectangle, square, rhombus, and trapezoid. Classify quadrilaterals, using deductive reasoning and inference. 	7.9	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	 Manipulatives: attribute blocks, geostrips, geoboards, solids, graph paper Computer software Mathematics Curriculum Framework DOE Geometry Middle Grades Teachers Staff Development Guide

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Measurement Actual/Estimate Include Whole	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to		 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes 	 Manipulatives: attribute blocks, geostrips,
Numbers, Fractions, and	 Develop a procedure and formula for finding the surface area of a rectangular prism. 	 Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	■ Tests	geoboards, solids, graph paper Calculators
Decimals.	 Solve practical problems that require finding the surface area of a rectangular prism. 		CalculatorsSpreadsheetsComputer	
	 Develop a procedure and formula for finding the surface area of a cylinder. 		Strategies	software Mathematics Curriculum Framework DOE Geometry Middle Grades Teachers Staff Development Guide
	 Solve practical problems that require finding the surface area of a cylinder 			
	 Develop a procedure and formula for finding the volume of a rectangular prism. 			
	 Solve practical problems that require finding the volume of a rectangular prism. 			
	 Develop a procedure and formula for finding the volume of a cylinder. 			
	 Solve practical problems that require finding the volume of a cylinder 			

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Data Analysis Representation & Relationships	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to		Student DemonstrationsIndividual Quizzes	Manipulatives:Items as dataGraph paper
Include Whole Numbers, Fractions, and Decimals.	 Examine the range to understand spread or dispersion of the data. Describe the three measures of central tendency (mean, median, or mode) and situations in which each would best represent the data for data sets with no more than 20 data points. Solve problems by finding the mean of a set of no more than 20 numbers. Solve problems by finding the median of a set of data of no more than 20 numbers when the numbers are arranged from least to greatest, including data sets that have one middle number and data sets that have two middle numbers. Solve problems by finding the mode of a set of data of no more than 20 numbers. Identify the mode in a set of data, given that there may be one, more than one, or no mode. Solve problems by finding the range of a set of data of no more than 20 numbers. Solve problems with multiple identical data points for which the mode is the best descriptor. Two modes are sufficient for data sets with no more than 20 data points 	7.16	 Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	 Calculators Scientific Calculators Computer software Spreadsheets Mathematics

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Data Analysis Representation and Relationships (cont'd.) Include Whole Numbers, Fractions, and Decimals.	 Solve problems in which some data points are outliers and thus, for which the median is the best descriptor. The data sets will contain no more than 20 data points. Solve problems in which the data points are similar and thus, for which the mean is the best descriptor. The data sets will contain no more than 20 data points. 	7.16	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning 	 Manipulatives: graphs, chats, tables Calculators Computer Software Spreadsheets with graphing software Mathematics Curriculum Framework DOE Probability and Statistics Staff Development Guide
	 Collect, analyze, display, and interpret a data set of no more than 20 items, using frequency distributions. 	7.17	Strategies • Peer evaluations	
	 Collect, analyze, display, and interpret a data set of no more than 20 items, using line plots. 			
	 Collect, analyze, display, and interpret a data set of no more than 20 items, using histograms. 			
	Collect, analyze, display, and interpret a data set of no more than 20 items, using stem-and-leaf plots where the stem is listed in ascending order and the leaves are in ascending order with or without commas between leaves.			
	 Collect, analyze, display, and interpret a data set of no more than 20 items, using box-and-whisker plots that identify the minimum, maximum, median, the upper- and lower-extremes, range, and interquartile range. 			
	 Collect, analyze, display, and interpret a data set of no more than 20 items, using scattergrams. 			
	 Interpret data points in scattergrams as having positive, negative, or no relationship. 			

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Data Analysis Representation and Relationships (cont'd.) Include Whole Numbers, Fractions, and Decimals.	 Organize data not exceeding 20 items into tables and/or graphs that provide a clear representation of dispersion or convergence of the data. Determine patterns and relationships within data sets (e.g., trends). Make inferences, conjectures, and predictions based on analysis of a set of data not exceeding 20 items. 	7.18	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	 Manipulatives: graphs, charts, tables Calculators Computer Software Spreadsheets with graphing software Mathematics Curriculum Framework DOE Probability and Statistics Staff Development Guide

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Probability	 The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Determine the theoretical probability of an event. Describe changes in the experimental probability as the number of trials increases. Investigate and describe the difference between the probability of an event found through simulation versus the theoretical probability of that same event. Describe the number of possible arrangements of no more than three types of objects, using a tree diagram. Compute the number of possible arrangements of no more than three types of objects by using the Fundamental (Basic) Counting Principle. Determine patterns and relationships within data sets (e.g., trends). Make inferences, conjectures, and predictions based on analysis of a set of data not exceeding 20 items. 	7.14	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	 Manipulatives: two-color counter, dice, random number generators, spinners Graph paper Calculators Mathematics Curriculum Framework DOE Probability and Statistics Staff Development Guide

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Patterns and Functions Representation & Relationship	 The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Analyze situations to discover a variety of patterns. Analyze numeric and geometric sequences to discover a variety of patterns. 	7.19	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	 Manipulatives: Pattern Blocks, tables, graphs Graph paper Calculators Mathematics Curriculum Framework DOE Patterns, Functions, and Algebra Staff Development Guide
	 Determine patterns and relationships within data sets (e.g., trends). Make inferences, conjectures, and predictions based on analysis of a set of data not exceeding 20 items. 	7.18		
	 Represent a variety of patterns, using tables, graphs, rules, and words, in order to investigate and describe functional relationships. Generalize a variety of patterns. 	7.19		

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Algebra Representation & Relationship	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to		Student DemonstrationsIndividual Quizzes	 Manipulatives: Pattern Blocks, tables, graphs,
Include Whole Numbers, Fractions, and Decimals.	 Identify the real number equation that represents each property of operations with real numbers, when given several real number equations. Explore the properties of real numbers, using diagrams and manipulatives. Test the validity of properties by using examples of the properties of operations on real numbers. Identify the property of operations with real numbers that is illustrated by a real number equation. 	7.3	 Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	Algeblocks, squares, cubes Calculators Scientific Calculators Computer software Spreadsheets Mathematics Curriculum
	 Simplify expressions by using the order of operations in a demonstrated step-by-step approach Find the value of numerical expressions, using order of operations, mental mathematics, and appropriate tools. Exponents are limited to positive values. Fractions are limited to having denominators of 12 or less. Decimals are limited to the thousandth place. Write verbal expressions as algebraic expressions. Write verbal sentences as algebraic equations. 	7.20		Framework DOE Patterns, Functions, and Algebra Staff Development Guide

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Algebra Representation & Relationship (cont'd.) Include Whole	 Apply the following algebraic terms appropriately: equation, inequality, and expression. Identify examples of equations, inequalities, and expressions. Represent and demonstrate steps in solving equations 	7.21	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations 	 Manipulatives: Pattern Blocks, tables, graphs, Algeblocks Calculators Spreadsheets
Numbers, Fractions, and Decimals.	 Represent and demonstrate steps in solving equations in one variable, using concrete materials, pictorial representation, and algebraic sentences. Represent and demonstrate steps in solving inequalities in one variable, using concrete materials, pictorial representation, and algebraic sentences. Translate one-step word problems and practical problems into algebraic equations and solve them. 	7.22	 Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	 Mathematics Curriculum Framework DOE Patterns, Functions, and Algebra Staff Development Guide

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources		
Geometry: Plane Use variables in formulas	The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Apply perimeter formulas to solve real-life problems. Apply area formulas to solve real-life problems.	7.7	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects 	Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects	 Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Pattern 2 polygon quadrila triangles 	Manipulatives: Pattern Blocks, polygons, quadrilaterals, triangles, rectangles, tables,
	 Compare and contrast attributes of the following quadrilaterals: parallelogram, rectangle, square, rhombus, and trapezoid. Classify quadrilaterals, using deductive reasoning and inference. Draw a pentagon, hexagon, heptagon, octagon, nonagon, and decagon, using a variety of tools. 	7.10	 Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	 Calculators Spreadsheets Compasses Protractors, angle rulers Straight edge, rulers Computer software Mathematics Curriculum Framework DOE Patterns, Functions, and Algebra Staff Development Guide 		

Organizational Topic	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Related SOL	Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	Sample Resources
Geometry: Solid Use variables in formulas	 The student will use problem solving, mathematical communication, mathematical reasoning, connections, and representations to Develop a procedure and formula for finding the surface area of a rectangular prism. Solve practical problems that require finding the surface area of a rectangular prism. Develop a procedure and formula for finding the surface area of a cylinder. Solve practical problems that require finding the surface area of a cylinder. Develop a procedure and formula for finding the volume of a rectangular prism. Solve practical problems that require finding the volume of a rectangular prism. Develop a procedure and formula for finding the volume of a cylinder. Solve practical problems that require finding the volume of a cylinder. Solve practical problems that require finding the volume of a cylinder. 	7.8	 Student Demonstrations Individual Quizzes Group Quizzes Tests Projects Investigations Portfolios Questioning Strategies Peer evaluations 	 Manipulatives: Pattern Blocks, quadrilaterals, triangles, solids, tables, graphs Graph paper Calculators Computer software Spreadsheets Mathematics Curriculum Framework DOE Patterns, Functions, and Algebra Staff Development Guide